AMENDMENTS TO THE CLIAMS

Listing of Claims

1. (currently amended) An article, comprising:

a substrate having at least one surface; and

a <u>substantially non-porous</u>, photo-induced hydrophilic coating <u>consisting essentially of at least one metal oxide and/or metal alloy oxide</u> <u>selected from titanium oxides</u>, <u>silicon oxides</u>, <u>zinc/tin allow oxides</u>, <u>zinc stannates</u>, <u>molybdenum oxides</u>, <u>zinc oxides</u>, <u>strontium titanate</u>, <u>cobalt oxides</u>, <u>chromium oxides</u>, <u>and mixtures or combinations thereof</u> deposited over at least a portion of the at least one surface; <u>and</u>

at least one additional coating located between the photo-induced hydrophilic coating and the substrate, wherein (a) an outer surface of the photo-induced hydrophilic coating has a root mean square roughness of less than 4 2 nm; and

wherein (b) the photo-induced hydrophilic coating is deposited by a process selected from chemical vapor deposition, magnetron sputtered vacuum deposition, and spray pyrolysis-; and (c) the article has a visible light reflectance in the range of 15% to 25%.

- 2. (original) The article as claimed in claim 1, wherein a contact angle of a water droplet on the article is less than 15° after exposure of the coating to UVA340 radiation at 24 W/m² for 60 mins.
- 3. (original) The article as claimed in claim 1, wherein a contact angle of a water droplet on the article is less than 10° after exposure of the coating to UVA340 radiation at 24 W/m² for 60 mins.
- 4. (original) The article as claimed in claim 1, wherein a contact angle of a water droplet on the article is less than 5° after exposure of the coating to UVA340 radiation at 24 W/m² for 60 mins.

- 5. (original) The article as claimed in claim 1, wherein the contact angle of a water droplet on the article is less than or equal to 1°.
- 6. (original) The article as claimed in claim 1, wherein the photo-induced hydrophilic coating has a thickness of less than or equal to 500 Å.
- 7. (original) The article as claimed in claim 1, wherein the photo-induced hydrophilic coating has a thickness of less than or equal to 400 Å.
- 8. (original) The article as claimed in claim 1, wherein the photo-induced hydrophilic coating has a thickness of less than or equal to 300 Å.
- 9. (original) The article as claimed in claim 1, wherein the photo-induced hydrophilic coating has a thickness of less than or equal to 200Å.
- 10. (original) The article as claimed in claim 1, wherein the photo-induced hydrophilic coating has a thickness in the range of 50 Å to 500 Å.
 - 11. (cancel)
- 12. (original) The article as claimed in claim 1, wherein the photo-induced hydrophilic coating comprises titanium dioxide.
- 13. (original) The article as claimed in claim 12, wherein the titanium dioxide is selected from the group consisting of anatase, rutile, brookite, amorphous, and mixtures or combinations thereof.
 - 14. (cancel)
- 15. (previously amended) The article as claimed in claim 1, wherein the outer surface of the coating is substantially non-porous.

- 16. (original) The article as claimed in claim 1, wherein the outer surface of the coating has a root mean square roughness in the range of 0.2 nm to 0.7 nm.
- 17. (original) The article as claimed in claim 1, wherein the coating has a photocatalytic activity of less than or equal to 5×10^{-3} cm⁻¹ min⁻¹.
- 18. (original) The article as claimed in claim 1, wherein the coating has a photocatalytic activity of less than or equal to 3×10^{-3} cm⁻¹ min⁻¹.
- 19. (previously amended) The article as claimed in claim 1, wherein the coating has a photocatalytic activity of less than or equal to 2×10^{-3} cm⁻¹ min⁻¹.
 - 20. (cancel)
 - 21. (cancel)
- 22. (currently amended) The article as claimed in claim 121, wherein the additional coating is a functional coating selected from the group consisting of a sodium ion diffusion barrier, a solar control coating, and an antireflective coating.
- 23. (original) The article as claimed in claim 1, wherein the substrate includes a first surface and a second surface, with the coating deposited over at least a portion of the first surface and with the second surface having tin diffused therein.
- 24. (original) The article as claimed in claim 1, wherein the substrate is a float glass ribbon and the process is selected from chemical vapor deposition and spray pyrolysis.

- 25. (original) The article as claimed in claim 24, wherein the float glass ribbon is located in a molten metal bath and the process is chemical vapor deposition.
- 26. (original) The article as claimed in claim 1, wherein the article is a monolithic or laminated window unit having an inner surface and an outer surface with the photo-induced hydrophilic coating deposited on the outer surface.
- 27. (original) The article as claimed in claim 1, wherein the article is an insulating glass unit having number 1, 2, 3, and 4 surfaces and the photo-induced hydrophilic coating is located on at least one of the number 1 or number 4 surfaces.
- 28. (original) The article as claimed in claim 27, including a functional coating located on at least one of the number 2, number 3, or number 4 surfaces.

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- 29. (original) The article as claimed in claim 1, wherein the article is an automotive transparency.
- 30. (original) The article as claimed in claim 1, wherein the article is an architectural window.
- 31. (original) The article as claimed in claim 1, wherein the article is an automotive transparency having an inner surface and the coating is deposited on the inner surface.
- 32. (original) The article as claimed in claim 1, wherein the coating comprises titanium dioxide having a thickness in the range of 200 Å to 300 Å, a root mean square smoothness of less than or equal to 1 nm, and a photocatalytic activity of less than or equal to 3×10^{-3} cm⁻¹ min⁻¹.

- 33. (original) The article as claimed in claim 1, wherein the substrate includes a functional coating deposited over at least a portion of the substrate.
- 34. (original) The article as claimed in claim 33, wherein the functional coating is a solar control coating.
- 35. (original) The article as claimed in claim 1, wherein the substrate includes a first surface and a second surface, with the photo-induced hydrophilic coating deposited over at least a portion of the first surface and with a functional coating deposited over at least a portion of the second surface.
 - 36. (cancel)
 - 37. (currently amended) An article, comprising: a substrate having at least one surface; and
- a <u>substantially non-porous</u>, photo-induced hydrophilic coating <u>consisting essentially of at least one metal oxide and/or metal alloy oxide</u> <u>selected from titanium oxides</u>, <u>silicon oxides</u>, <u>aluminum oxides</u>, <u>iron oxides</u>, <u>silver oxides</u>, <u>copper oxides</u>, <u>tungsten oxides</u>, <u>zinc/tin alloy oxides</u>, <u>zinc stannates</u>, <u>molybdenum oxides</u>, <u>zinc oxides</u>, <u>strontium titanate</u>, <u>cobalt oxides</u>, <u>chromium oxides</u>, <u>and mixtures or combinations thereof</u> <u>deposited over at least a portion of the at least one surface; <u>and</u></u>

at least one additional coating located between the photo-induced hydrophilic coating and the substrate;

wherein the photo-induced hydrophilic coating has a photocatalytic activity of less than or equal to 3 x 10⁻³ cm⁻¹ min⁻¹ and the article has a visible light reflectance in the range of 15% to 25% and the outer surface of the photo-induced hydrophilic coating is substantially non-porous and has a root mean square roughness of less than 1 nm.

38. (currently amended) An article, comprising: a substrate having at least one surface; a <u>substantially non-porous</u>, photo-induced hydrophilic coating <u>consisting essentially of at least one metal oxide and/or metal alloy oxide</u> <u>selected from titanium oxides</u>, <u>silicon oxides</u>, <u>aluminum oxides</u>, <u>iron oxides</u>, <u>silver oxides</u>, <u>copper oxides</u>, <u>tungsten oxides</u>, <u>zinc/tin alloy oxides</u>, <u>zinc stannates</u>, <u>molybdenum oxides</u>, <u>zinc oxides</u>, <u>strontium titanate</u>, <u>cobalt oxides</u>, <u>chromium oxides</u>, <u>and mixtures or combinations thereof</u> deposited over at least a portion of the at least one surface; <u>and</u>

at least one additional coating located between the photo-induced hydrophilic coating and the substrate.

wherein (a) the substrate is a float glass ribbon located in a molten metal bath,;

- (b) wherein the photo-induced hydrophilic coating has a thickness of 500 Å or less, and;
- (c) wherein the photo-induced hydrophilic coating is deposited over the at least one surface in a molten metal bath by chemical vapor deposition; and the outer surface of the photo-induced hydrophilic coating is substantially non-porous and has a root mean square roughness of less than 1 nm.
- (d) the article has a visible light reflectance in the range of 15% to 25%.
 - 39. (currently amended) An article, comprising:
 - a substrate having at least one surface; and
- a <u>substantially non-porous</u>, photo-induced hydrophilic coating <u>consisting essentially of at least one metal oxide and/or metal alloy oxide</u> <u>selected from titanium oxides</u>, <u>silicon oxides</u>, <u>aluminum oxides</u>, <u>iron oxides</u>, <u>silver oxides</u>, <u>copper oxides</u>, <u>tungsten oxides</u>, <u>zinc/tin alloy oxides</u>, <u>zinc stannates</u>, <u>molybdenum oxides</u>, <u>zinc oxides</u>, <u>strontium titanate</u>, <u>cobalt oxides</u>, <u>chromium oxides</u>, <u>and mixtures or combinations thereof</u> deposited over at least a portion of the at least one surface; <u>and</u>

at least one additional coating located between the photo-induced hydrophilic coating and the substrate.

wherein (a) the photo-induced hydrophilic coating is deposited by chemical vapor deposition at a temperature in the range of 500°C to 1200°C; and

- (b) wherein the photo-induced hydrophilic coating has a thickness of 500 Å or less; and
- (c) the article has a visible light reflectance in the range of 15% to 25% the outer surface of the photo-induced hydrophilic coating has a root mean square roughness of less than 1 nm.
- 40. (withdrawn) A method of forming a photo-induced hydrophilic coating over at least a portion of a substrate, comprising the steps of:

providing a substrate having a first surface and a second surface, with at least one of the surfaces having tin diffused therein;

depositing a metal oxide precursor from a coating device onto at least one of the surfaces by a process selected from chemical vapor deposition, spray pyrolysis, and magnetron sputtered vacuum deposition; and

heating the substrate to a temperature sufficient to decompose the metal oxide precursor to form the photo-induced hydrophilic coating having a root mean square roughness of 2 nm or less.

- 41. (withdrawn) The method as claimed in claim 40, wherein the coating device is a chemical vapor deposition coater, and the metal oxide precursor is selected from titanium tetrachloride, titanium tetraisopropoxide, titanium tetraethoxide, titanium tetrabutoxide, and mixtures thereof.
- 42. (withdrawn) The method as claimed in claim 40, wherein the photoinduced hydrophilic coating comprises titanium dioxide.
- 43. (withdrawn) The method as claimed in claim 40, wherein the photo-induced hydrophilic coating has a thickness such that a contact angle of a water droplet on the coated substrate is less than 15° after exposure of the coating to UV radiation of 340 nm at an intensity of 24 W/m² for 60 mins.

- 44. (withdrawn) The method as claimed in claim 40, wherein the photo-induced hydrophilic coating has a thickness of less than or equal to 300 Å.
- 45. (withdrawn) The method as claimed in claim 40, wherein the photo-induced hydrophilic hydrophilic coating has a thickness of 50Å to 250Å.
- 46. (withdrawn) The method as claimed in claim 40, wherein the coating device is a pyrolytic coater and the method includes directing a suspension of the metal oxide precursor from the pyrolytic coater onto the first surface.
- 47. (withdrawn) The method as claimed in claim 40, wherein the metal oxide precursor is deposited directly onto the surface of the substrate.
- 48. (withdrawn) The method as claimed in claim 40, wherein the coating has a photocatalytic activity of less than or equal to 3×10^{-3} cm⁻¹ min⁻¹.
- 49. (withdrawn) The method as claimed in claim 40, wherein the coating has a thickness in the range of 200 Å to 300 Å, a root mean square roughness of 0.2 nm to 1.5 nm, and a photocatalytic activity of less than or equal to 3×10^{-3} cm⁻¹ min⁻¹.
- 50. (withdrawn) A method of forming a photo-induced hydrophilic coating over at least a portion of a substrate, comprising the steps of:

 providing a float glass ribbon in a molten metal bath;

 depositing a metal oxide precursor material from a coating device directly onto a top surface of the glass ribbon by chemical vapor deposition; and heating the glass ribbon to a temperature sufficient to decompose the metal oxide precursor material to form the photo-induced hydrophilic coating.
- 51. (withdrawn) The method according to claim 50, including depositing the metal oxide precursor material to provide a photo-induced hydrophilic coating having a thickness of 500 Å or less.

52. (withdrawn) A method of forming a photo-induced hydrophilic coating over at least a portion of a substrate, comprising the steps of:

providing a substrate having at least one surface;

depositing a metal oxide precursor material from a CVD coating device over at least a portion of the at least one surface;

heating the substrate to a temperature in the range of 400°C to 1200°C to decompose the metal oxide precursor material to form the photo-induced hydrophilic coating; and

providing sufficient precursor material such that the photo-induced hydrophilic coating has a thickness of 500 Å or less.

- 53. (cancel)
- 54. (cancel)
- 55. (previously amended) An article according to claim 37, wherein the photo-induced hydrophilic coating has a photocatalytic activity of less than or equal to 3×10^{-3} cm⁻¹ min⁻¹.
- 56. (previously amended) An article according to claim 38, wherein the photo-induced hydrophilic coating is deposited over the at least one surface in a molten metal bath by chemical vapor deposition.
- 57. (previously amended) An article according to claim 39, wherein the photo-induced hydrophilic coating has a thickness of 500 Å or less.